Whitetopping Research

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What is Whitetopping?

- Placement of high strength, fiber-reinforced, portland cement concrete over a distressed asphalt.
- Resulting in:
 - long life
 - durability
 - competitive cost

First Experimentation

1991 Louisville, Kentucky landfill access road tests

Conditions:

- 2 in & 3.5 in thickness
- 2 ft & 6 ft joint spacing
- accelerated heavy loading

First Experimentation

• Results:

- Ultra Thin Whitetopping good for lowvolume, residential streets, and parking lots
- Ultra Thin Whitetopping is expected to perform well under moderately heavy loads
- Concrete can bond to existing asphalt, reducing stresses in concrete layer
- Slipform paving equipment can place mix with fibers as thin as 2 inches
- Rigid pavement theories apply

ADOT Whitetopping Research

ADOT Phoenix Maintenance ADOT Phoenix Maintenance Parking Lot

May 2001

Objective:

Test performance of various materials in combination with portland cement

Mixtures: crumb rubber, polypropylene fibers, chemical admixture (Eclipse)

Who Made It Happen

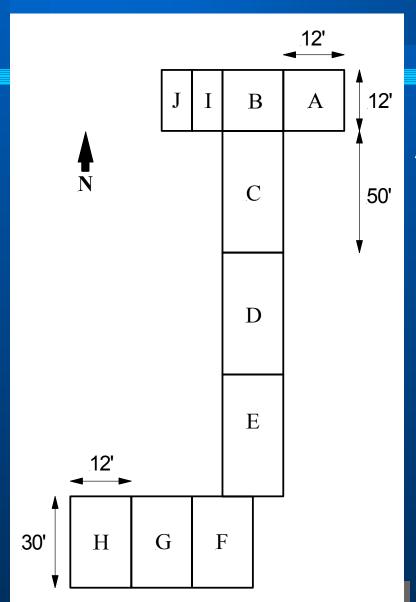
- Doug Forstie,George WayADOT Materials
- John Hauskins,
 Craig Cornwell and
 others at Phoenix
 District Maintenance
- Jim Willson, Arizona
 Cement Association

- McNeil Bros. Const. Company
- Paul Burch, Phoenix Materials Lab
- Vulcan Matls
- Fibermesh
- W.R. Grace
- RPA/Landstar

Where Did It All Happen



Where Did It All Happen?



ADOT Phoenix Maintenance
Parking Lot
22nd Ave & Hilton
Phoenix, AZ

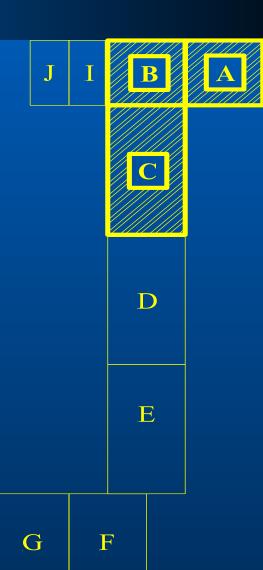
10 sections

Design Sections

A: 40 lbs crumb rubber/CY, 12" thickness

B: standard concrete, 12" thickness

C: 3 lbs Fibermesh polypropr fibers/CY, joints at 4' centers, 4" thickness



 \mathbf{H}

Design Sections

D: 3 lbs Fibermesh polypropr fibers/CY, joints at 3' centers, 3" thickness

E: 3 lbs Fibermesh polypropr fibers/CY, joints at 3' centers, 2" thickness

F: 3 lbs Fibermesh polypropr fibers/CY, Grace Eclipse, joints at 6' centers, 3" thickness G

H

Design Sections





I: same as G with 12" thickness

J: same as H with 12" thickness



B

C

D

E



F

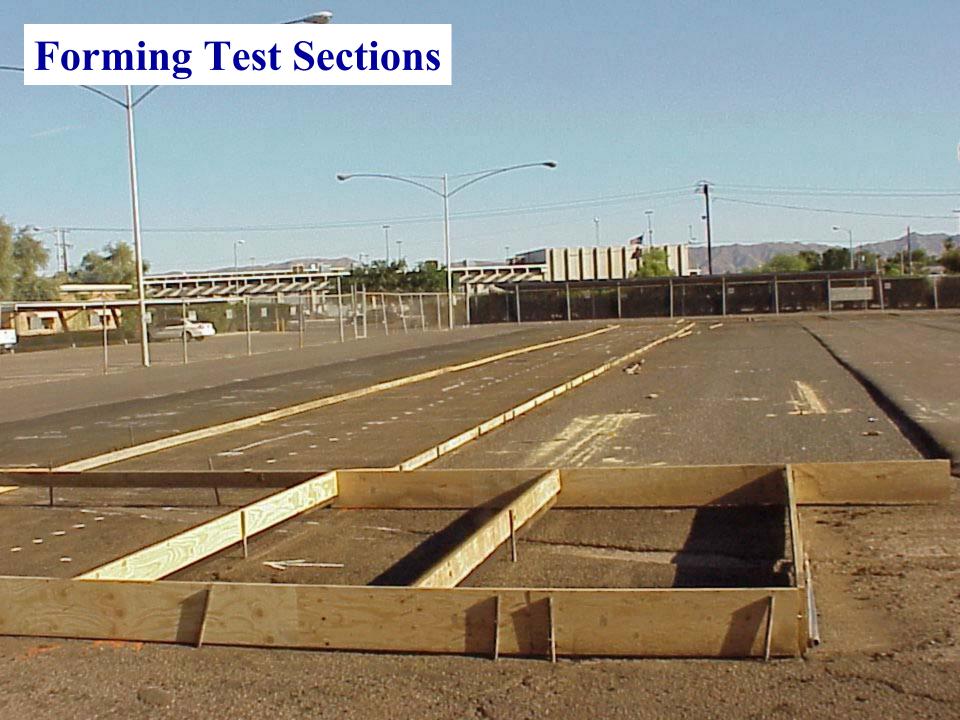


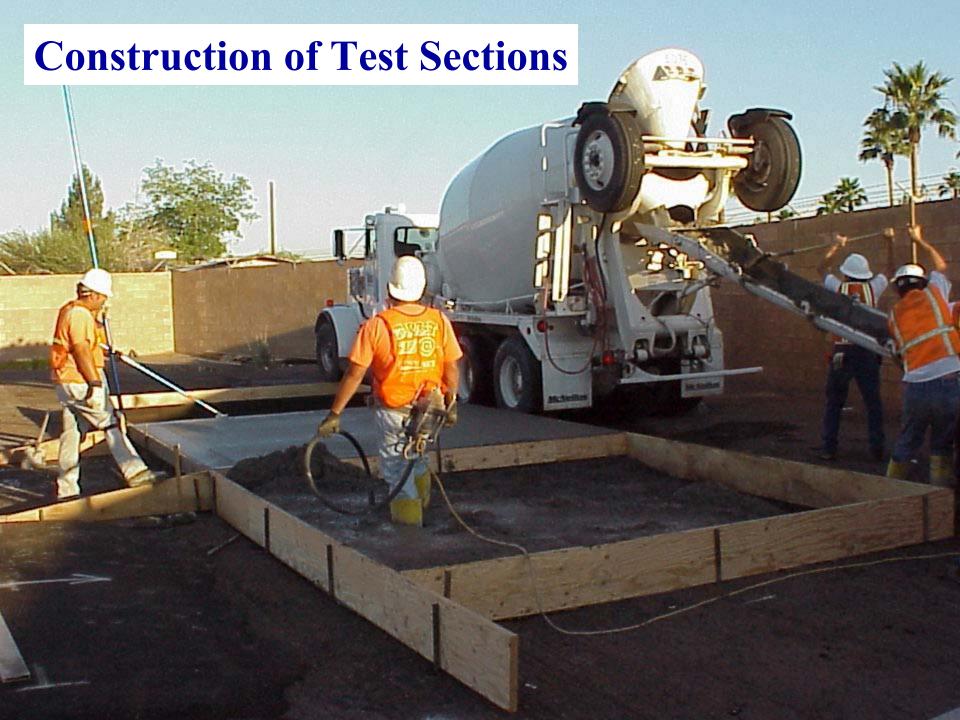










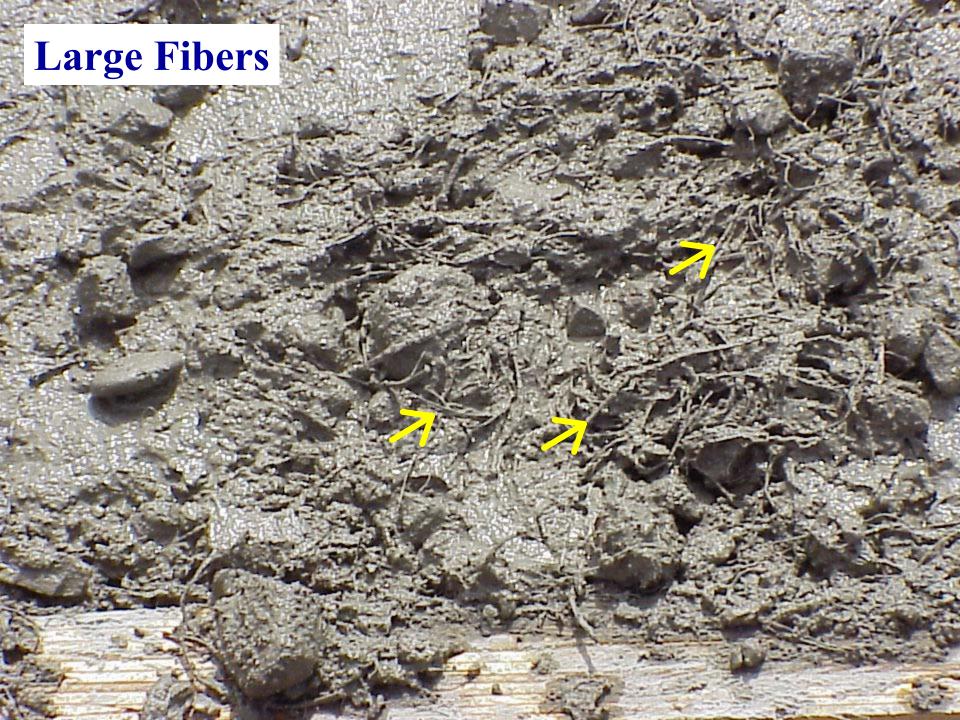


Construction of Test Sections











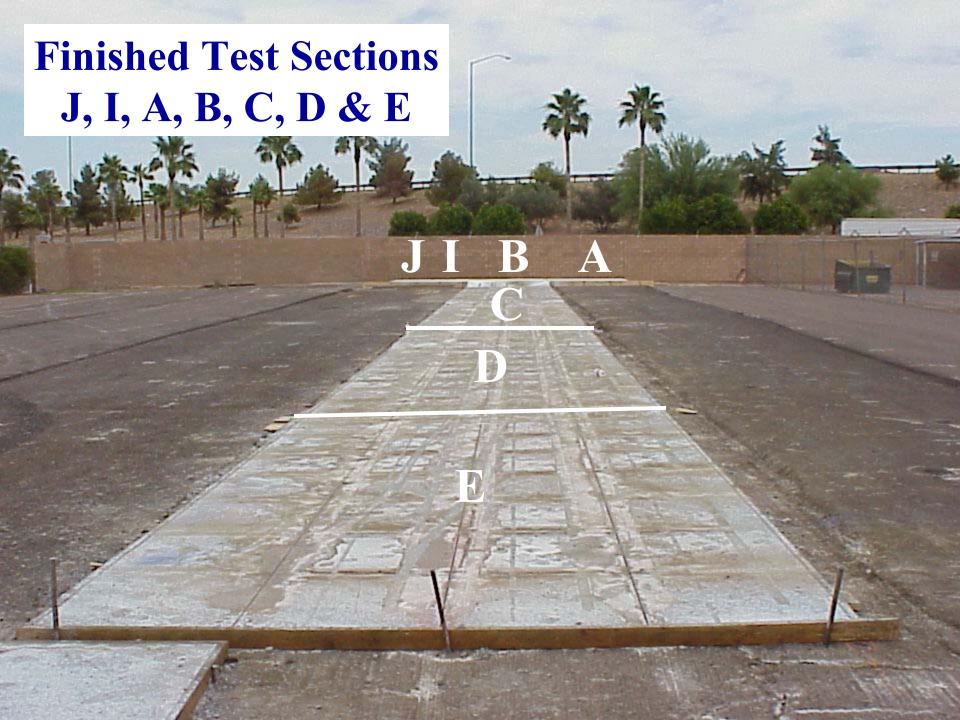


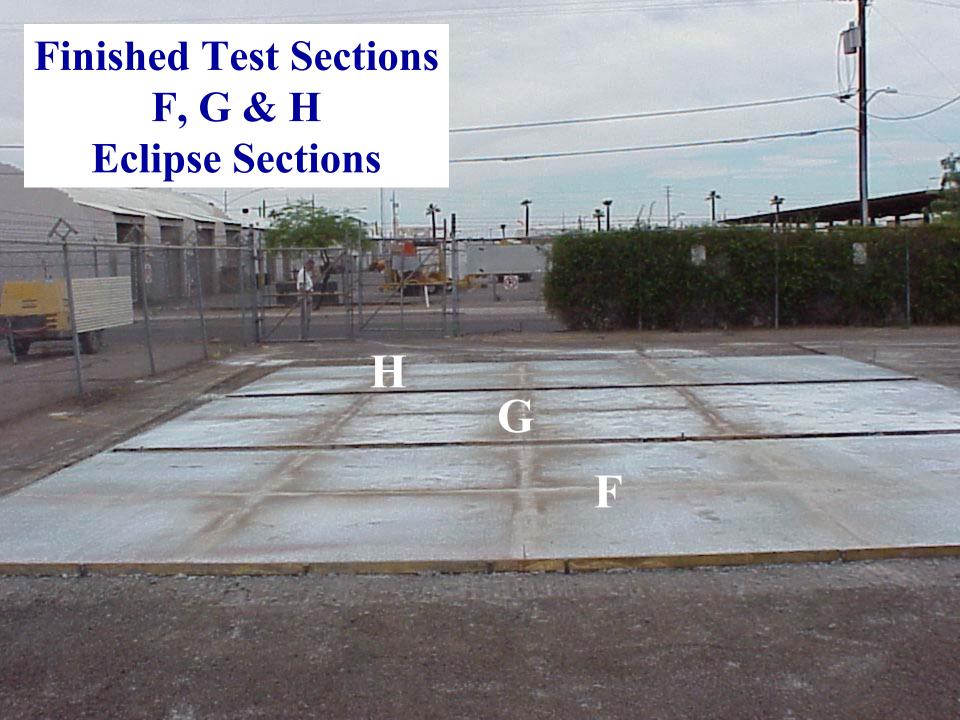












Test Results

Set	Description	Densities (lb/ft ³)
Α	Concrete w/ crumb rubber	138.9
В	Plain concrete	149.4
С	Conc. w/3lbs PF (F)	148.3
D-E	Conc. w/3lbs PF (F)	147.3
F	Conc. w/3lbs/cy PF (F) & Eclipse	148.5
G	Conc. w/xx lbs/cy SF (F) & Eclipse	148.6
Н	Conc. w/xx lbs/cy SF (G) & Eclipse	147.6

PF = polyprop fibers

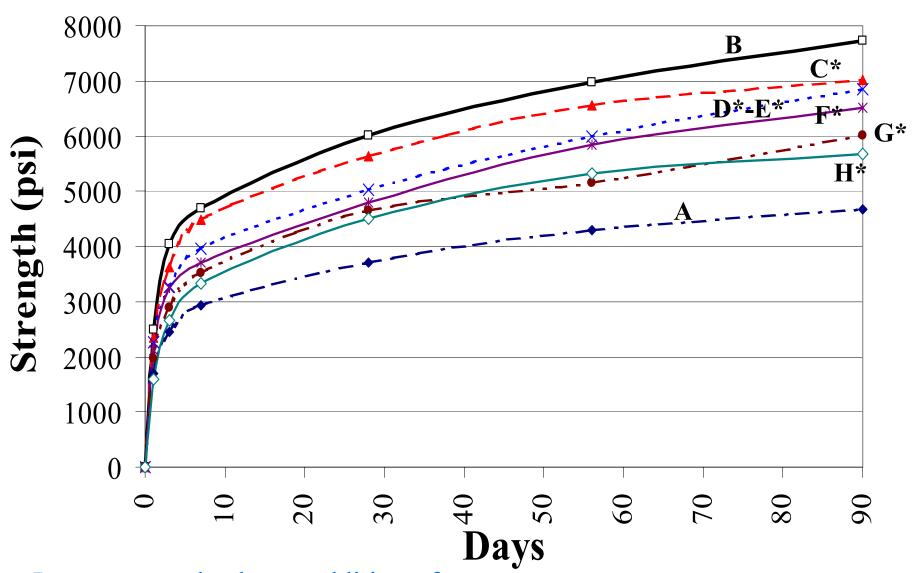
SF = structural fibers

(F) = Fibermesh

(G) = Grace

Strength Gain Chart

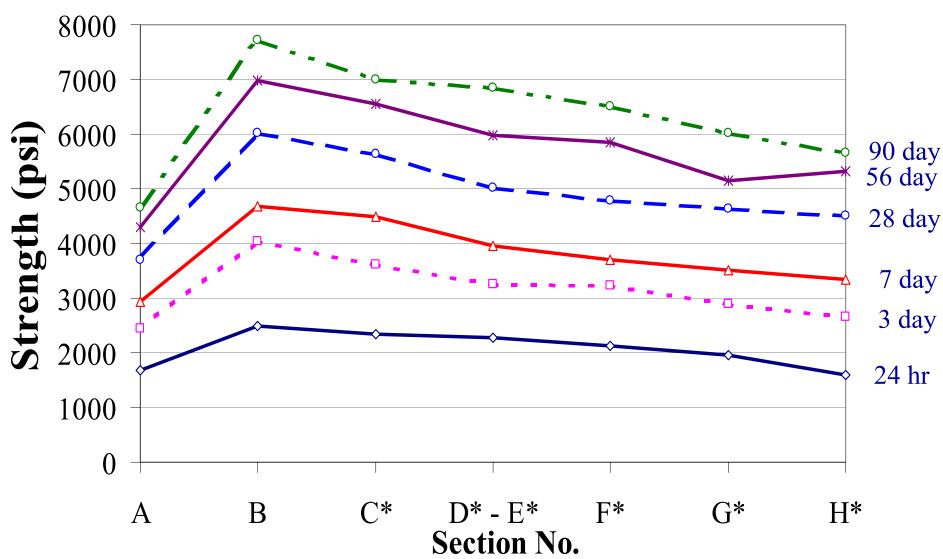
ADOT CYLINDERS



^{* =} Lower strengths due to addition of water

Strength Comparisons

ADOT CYLINDERS



^{* =} Lower strengths due to addition of water

CYLINDER BREAK HISTORY

	Pavement Section							
	Α	В	C*	D*-E*	F*	G^*	H*	
24 hr Break ADOT Avg (psi)	1690	2500	2350	2270	2120	1960	1600	
7 Day Break ADOT Avg (psi) Vulcan Avg (psi)								
28 Day Break ADOT Avg (psi) Vulcan Avg (psi)							4510 4780	
56 Day Break ADOT Avg (psi) Vulcan Avg (psi)							5320 5350	
90 Day Break ADOT Avg (psi)	4670	7730	7010	6850	6520	6020	5670	

^{*=}Lower strengths due to addition of water

Conclusions

- Plain, normal concrete had strongest strength
- Crumb Rubber had lowest strength & density
- Samples with fibers had lower strengths than standard concrete due to the addition of water to increase workability
- No apparent performance differences between Grace and Fibermesh structural fibers
- Samples w/ Eclipse had lower strengths than those w/o Eclipse, except for Crumb Rubber

Conclusions

- Section C (3 lbs Fibermesh polypropr fibers/CY, 4" thickness) had higher strength than thinner sections (D-3", E-2")
- ADOT likes the performance of the concrete
- ADOT's Labs & Vulcan's Labs results are similar despite different curing and testing environments
- Verifies that ADOT's methods are reliable
- Based upon these results, future
 Whitetopping projects are planned